

119TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. RES. _____

Commemorating June 19, 2026, as “Juneteenth National Independence Day”
in recognition of June 19, 1865, the date on which news of the end
of slavery reached the slaves in the Southwestern States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. CORNYN submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on _____

RESOLUTION

Commemorating June 19, 2026, as “Juneteenth National
Independence Day” in recognition of June 19, 1865,
the date on which news of the end of slavery reached
the slaves in the Southwestern States.

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach the frontier
areas of the United States, in particular the State of
Texas and the other Southwestern States, until months
after the conclusion of the Civil War, more than 2½
years after President Abraham Lincoln issued the Eman-
cipation Proclamation on January 1, 1863;

Whereas, on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers, led by Major
General Gordon Granger, arrived in Galveston, Texas,
with news that the Civil War had ended and the enslaved
were free;

Whereas African Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as “Juneteenth National Independence Day”, as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas African Americans from the Southwest have continued the tradition of observing Juneteenth National Independence Day for more than 150 years;

Whereas Juneteenth National Independence Day began as a holiday in the State of Texas and is now a Federal holiday that is celebrated in all 50 States and the District of Columbia as a special day of observance in recognition of the emancipation of all slaves in the United States;

Whereas Juneteenth National Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African-American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves and the descendants of former slaves remain an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race;

Whereas slavery was not officially abolished until the ratification of the 13th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States in December 1865; and

Whereas, over the course of its history, the United States has grown into a symbol of democracy and freedom around the world: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) commemorates June 19, 2026, as

3 “Juneteenth National Independence Day”;

1 (2) recognizes the historical significance of
2 Juneteenth National Independence Day to the
3 United States;

4 (3) supports the continued nationwide celebra-
5 tion of Juneteenth National Independence Day to
6 provide an opportunity for the people of the United
7 States to learn more about the past and to better
8 understand the experiences that have shaped the
9 United States; and

10 (4) recognizes that the observance of the end of
11 slavery is part of the history and heritage of the
12 United States.